## THE SOUTH AFRICAN EXPERIENCE Adaptation versus adoption



#### Adaptation versus adoption

- Adoption
- Adaptation
- The choice is yours?

#### Adoption

- High quality, credible, internationally recognised standards.
- Users have relevant, transparent information to make decisions and hold officials to account.

- Users need information about an entity's:
- Financial position,
- Financial performance,
- Cash flows,
- Compliance with the budget,
- Efficiency and effectiveness of service delivery, and
- Sustainability.

 IPSASs not just about financial statements → other reporting to complement and supplement financial statements.

 Adopting IPSASs not just about accounting → tool to strengthen financial management.

- Aligned with IFRSs where necessary (sector neutral topics).
- Deal with public sector specific issues, e.g. concepts level, compliance with budget, nonexchange transactions.
- Credible basis for reporting statistics.

## **Adoption of IPSASs**

- Finalisation of set of first time adoption principles.
- Flexibility for jurisdictions to decide what is appropriate.
- Both mandatory and voluntary relief as applies irrespective of basis previously applied.

## **Adoption of IPSASs**

- IPSAS 33 First time adoption of accrual IPSASs
- Voluntary relief includes 3 years to comply with certain Standards, no comparative information.
- Study 14 provides additional guidance.

#### Adaptation

# Adaptation of IPSASs in SA

- Adapted IPSASs to develop local public sector specific Standards.
  - Issued all IPSASs, but have additional standards to address local needs.
  - Applicable to all entities in the public sector.
  - All entities, except national & provincial departments.

## **Opportunities**

- Develop standard setting skills
- Holistic reforms.
  - Better information to make decisions:
    - -knowing what assets entities own
    - -resources needed for them

-maximising revenue

- Cost of compliance High initially (often includes changes in system, processes and training costs) but offset by the benefit of better information & improvements in internal controls.
- Resistance to globalisation (the need to feel part of the process)

- Mainly related to assets:
- Determining "cost".
  - Compilation of asset registers.
  - Understanding level of componentisation required for infrastructure assets.
  - Annual review of useful lives, residual values, testing for impairment of infrastructure.

- Consolidation issues:
- Different accounting standards for some entities.
  - Different accounting policies.
  - Elimination of inter-entity transactions.

Impact on smaller entities:

- Views that a different framework needed.
  - Concluded that inappropriate → answer lies in implementation.

- Uniform IT systems.
- Capacity and skill ongoing initiatives, including increasing CA programmes.
  - Migration from modified cash for departments – How to migrate?

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